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United States Patent [19][11] **Patent Number:** 5,969,748**Casement et al.**[45] **Date of Patent:** *Oct. 19, 1999[54] **TELEVISION SCHEDULE SYSTEM WITH ACCESS CONTROL**[75] **Inventors:** Marcy Casement; Andrew Burgess, both of San Jose; David Folker, Fremont, all of Calif.[73] **Assignee:** StarSight Telecast, Inc., Fremont, Calif.[*] **Notice:** This patent issued on a continued prosecution application filed under 37 CFR 1.53(d), and is subject to the twenty year patent term provisions of 35 U.S.C. 154(a)(2).[21] **Appl. No.:** 08/654,997[22] **Filed:** May 29, 1996[51] **Int. Cl.⁶** H04N 7/16[52] **U.S. Cl.** 348/7; 348/13; 455/4.2[58] **Field of Search** 348/5.5, 7, 10, 348/13, 1, 2, 3, 5, 460, 461; 380/20; 455/3.1, 4.1, 4.2, 5.1, 5.2, 6.1[56] **References Cited****U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS**

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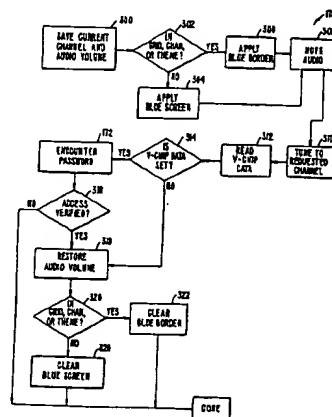
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[57]

ABSTRACT

A television schedule system with a user interface which allows a user to control access to television programs by time, rating, content, and/or channel. Criteria for blocking television programs from being viewed are entered by a user with a password. A television program listing is selected for viewing or recording from an on-screen program guide. A viewer is prompted on the screen to enter a password if the selected program meets the blocking criterion. If a viewer enters the appropriate password, the selected program that meets the blocking criterion is unblocked. The blocking criterion is restored after the program is over or the program is no longer tuned to. Furthermore, the user may set a limit on pay-per-view (PPV) spending to limit the purchase of PPV programs.

15 Claims, 12 Drawing Sheets

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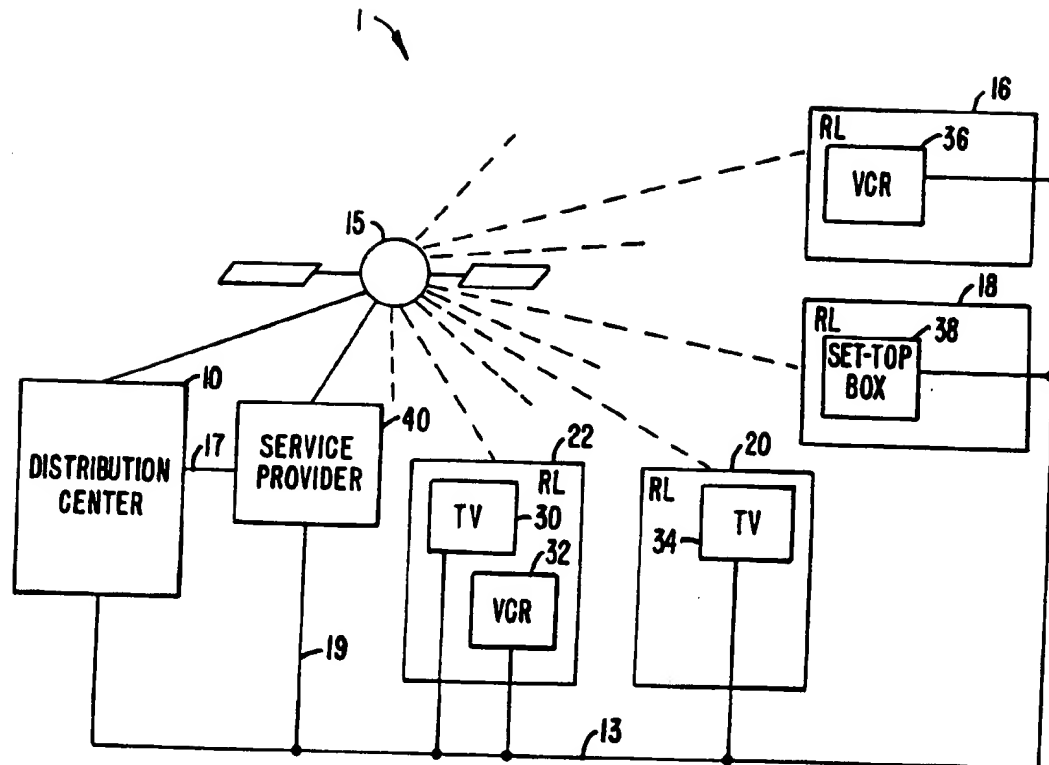


FIG. 1.

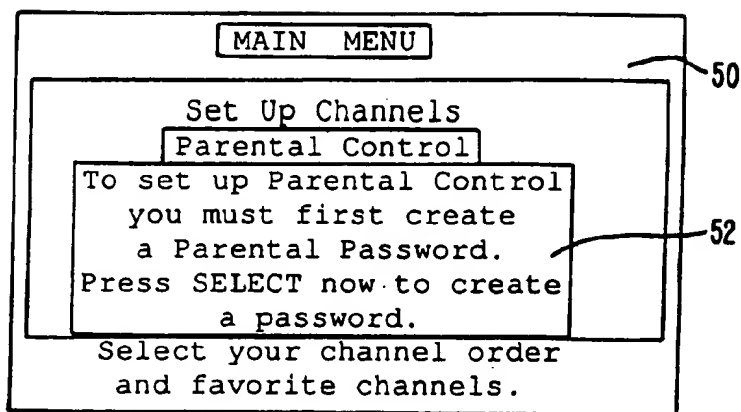


FIG. 2A.

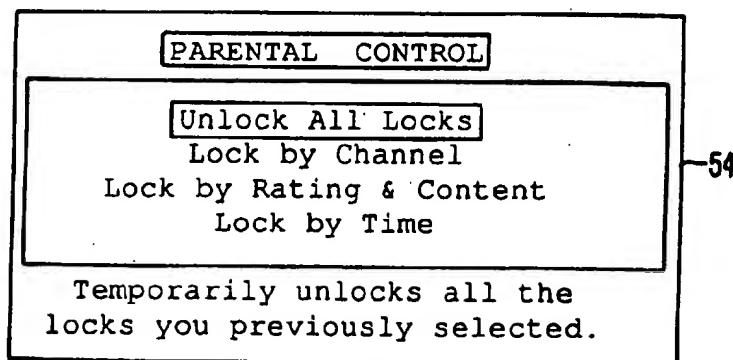


FIG. 2B.

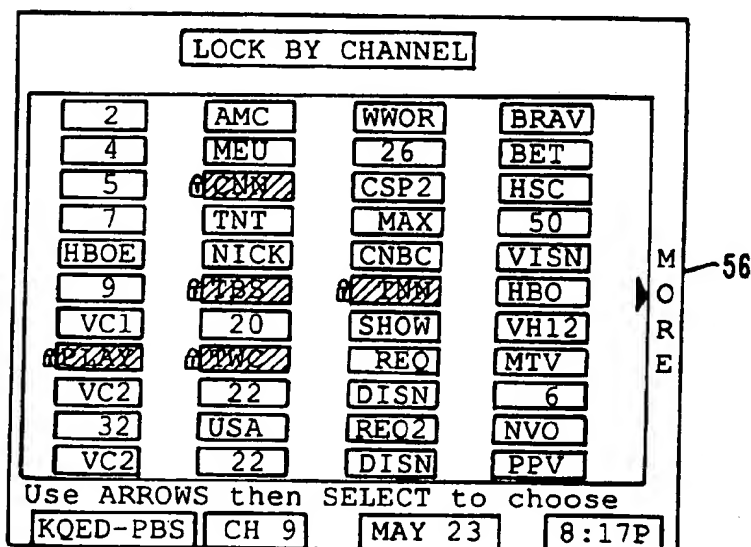


FIG. 2C.

LOCK BY RATING & CONTENT

RATING	CONTENT
G	Profanity
PG	Nudity
PG13	Violence
R	Adult Situations
NC17	Adult Themes
X	Adult Language
EB	

Press SELECT to lock or unlock rating or content. Use ARROWS to move. Press EXIT when done.

60

FIG. 2D.

LOCK BY TIME

On - Off

Lock at: 2:30PM

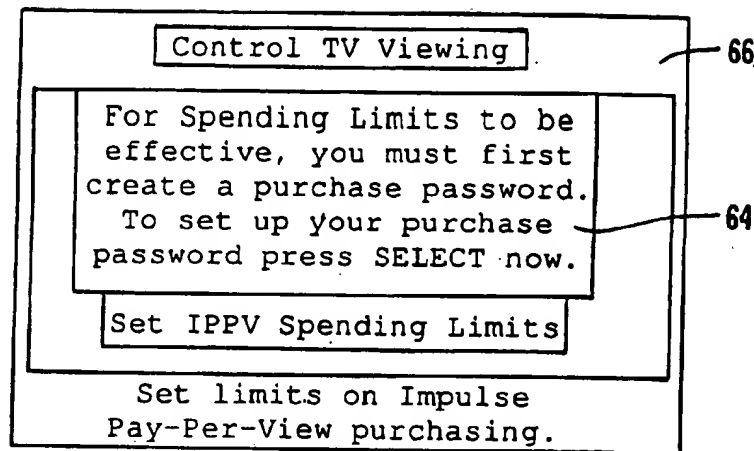
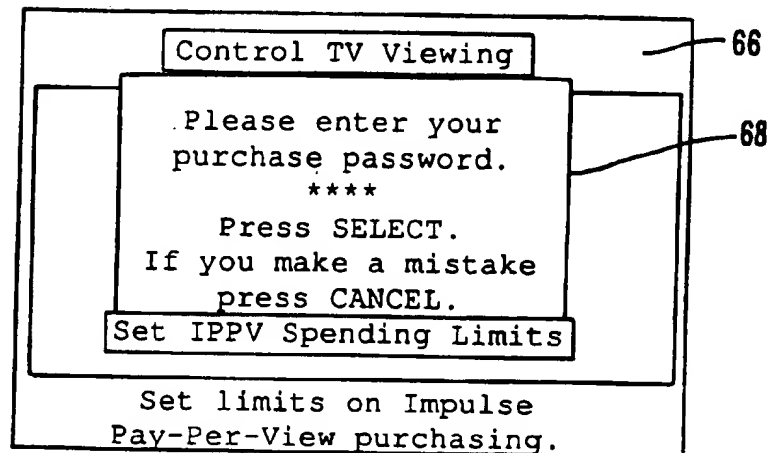
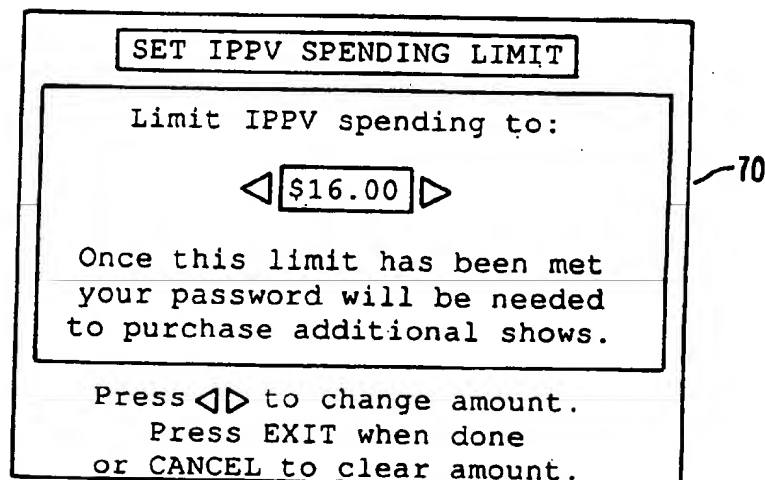
Unlock at: 5:00PM

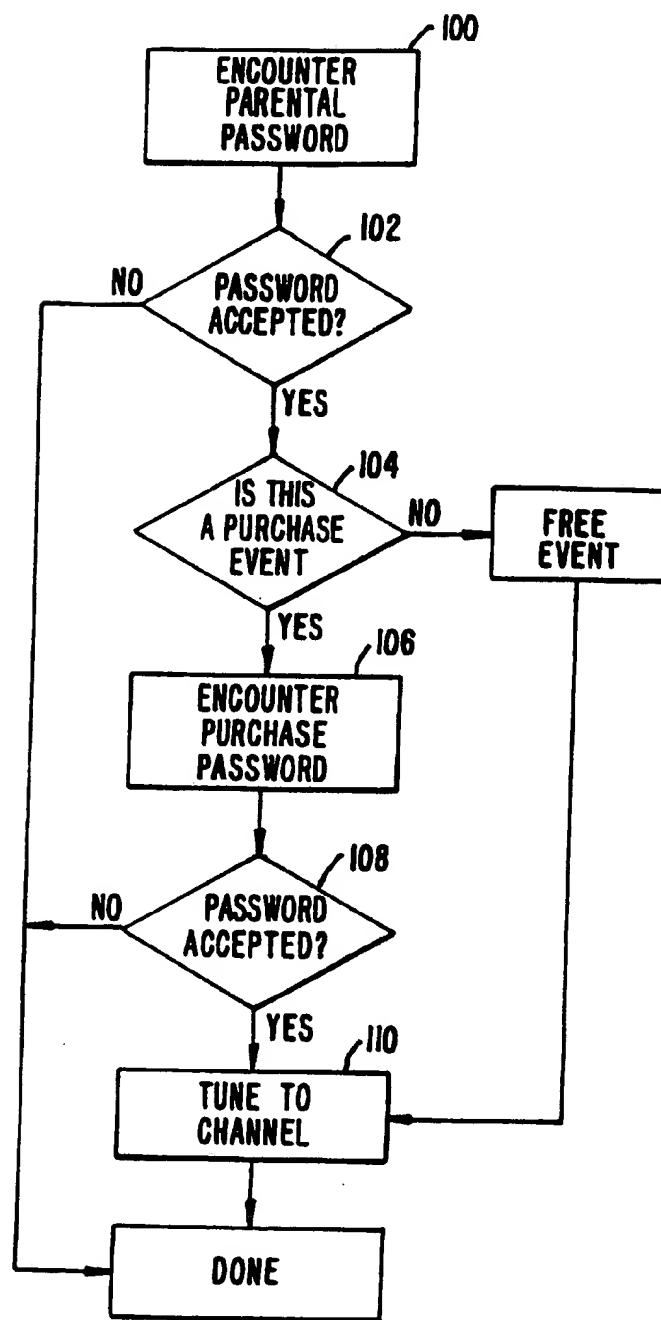
Lock Status: Every Day

Press to change time.
 Use to go to next item.
 Press EXIT when done.

62

FIG. 2E.

**FIG. 2F.****FIG. 2G.****FIG. 2H.**

**FIG. 3.**

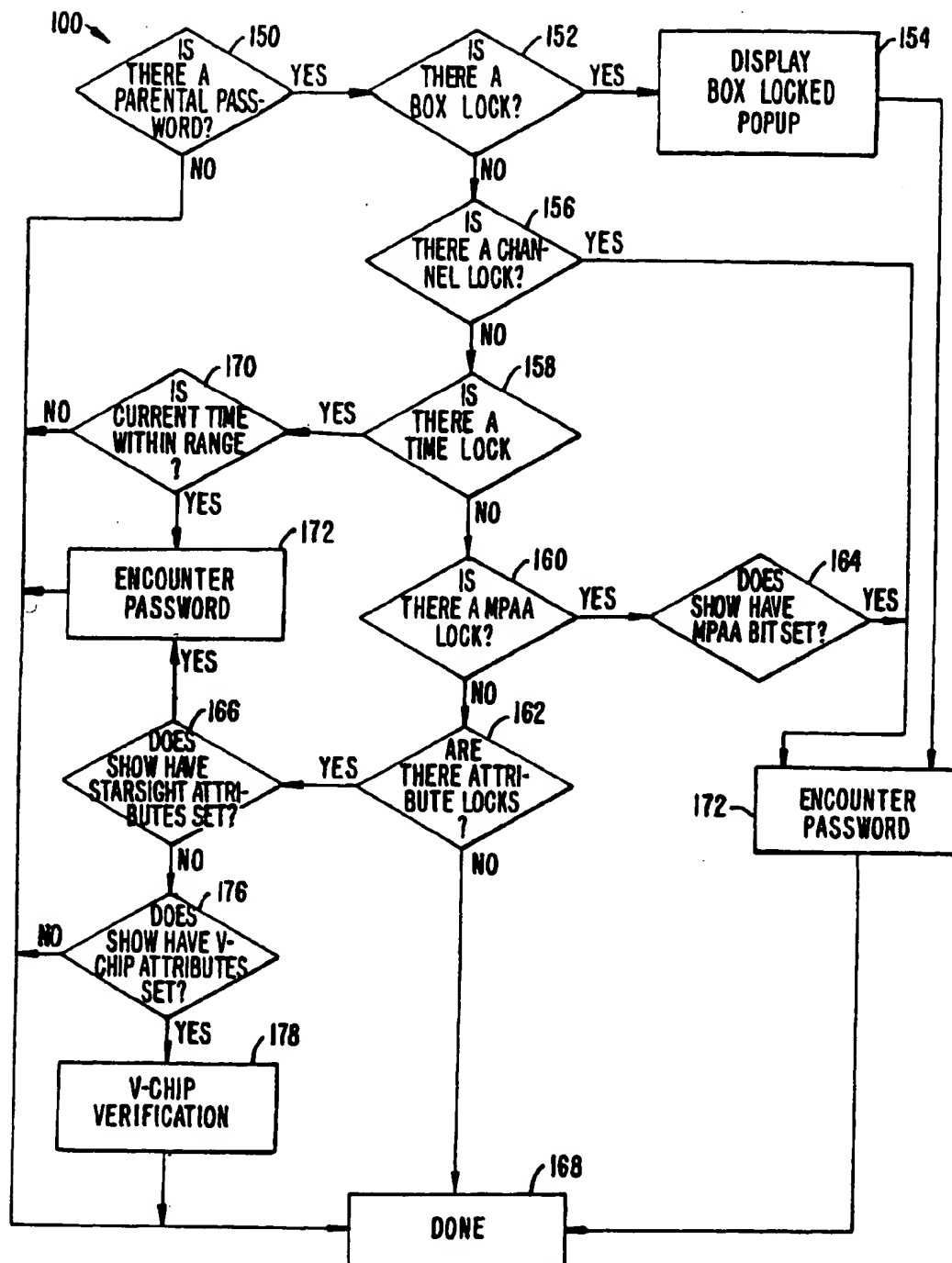


FIG. 4.

106

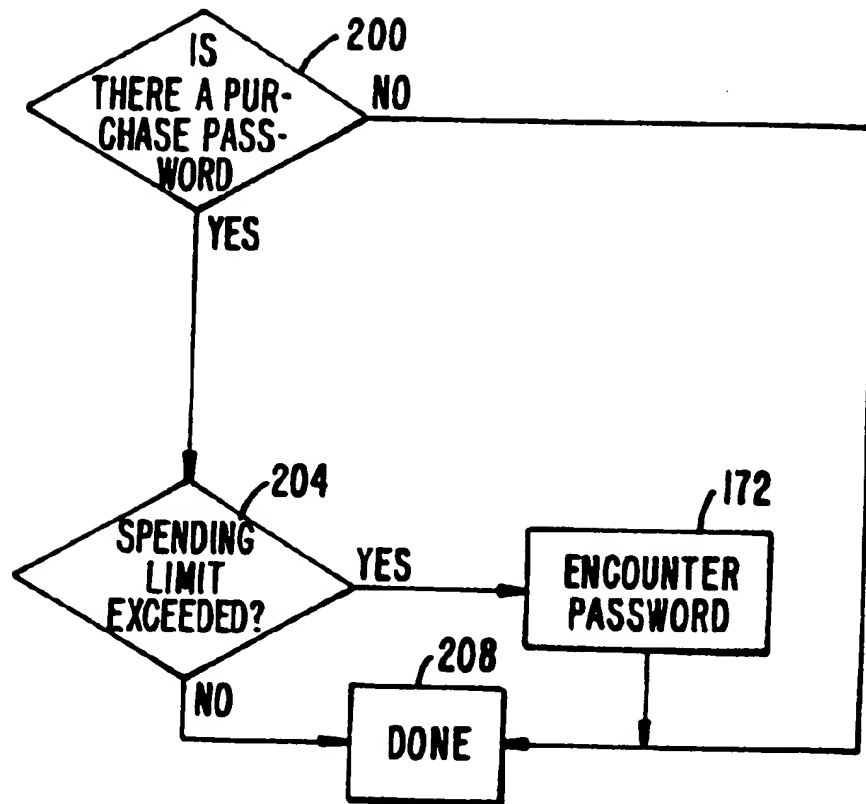


FIG. 5.

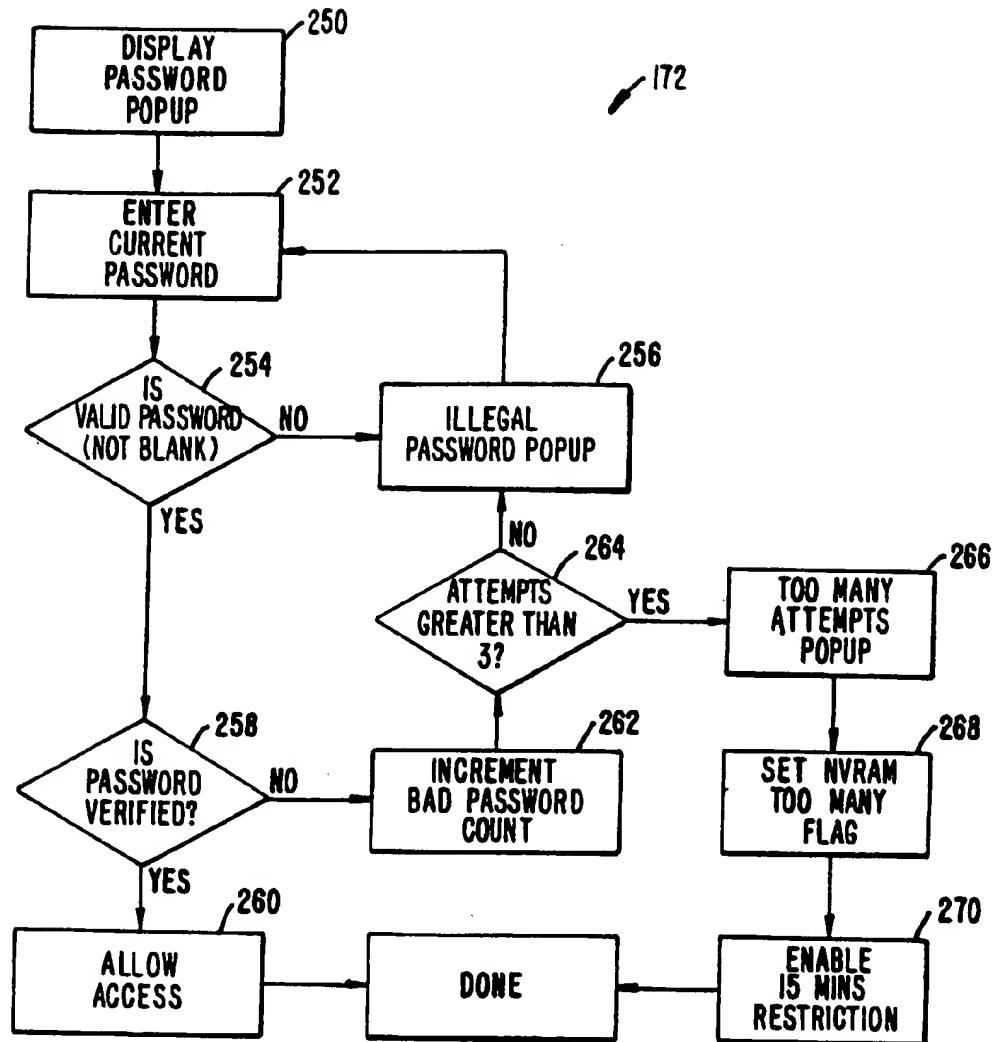


FIG. 6.

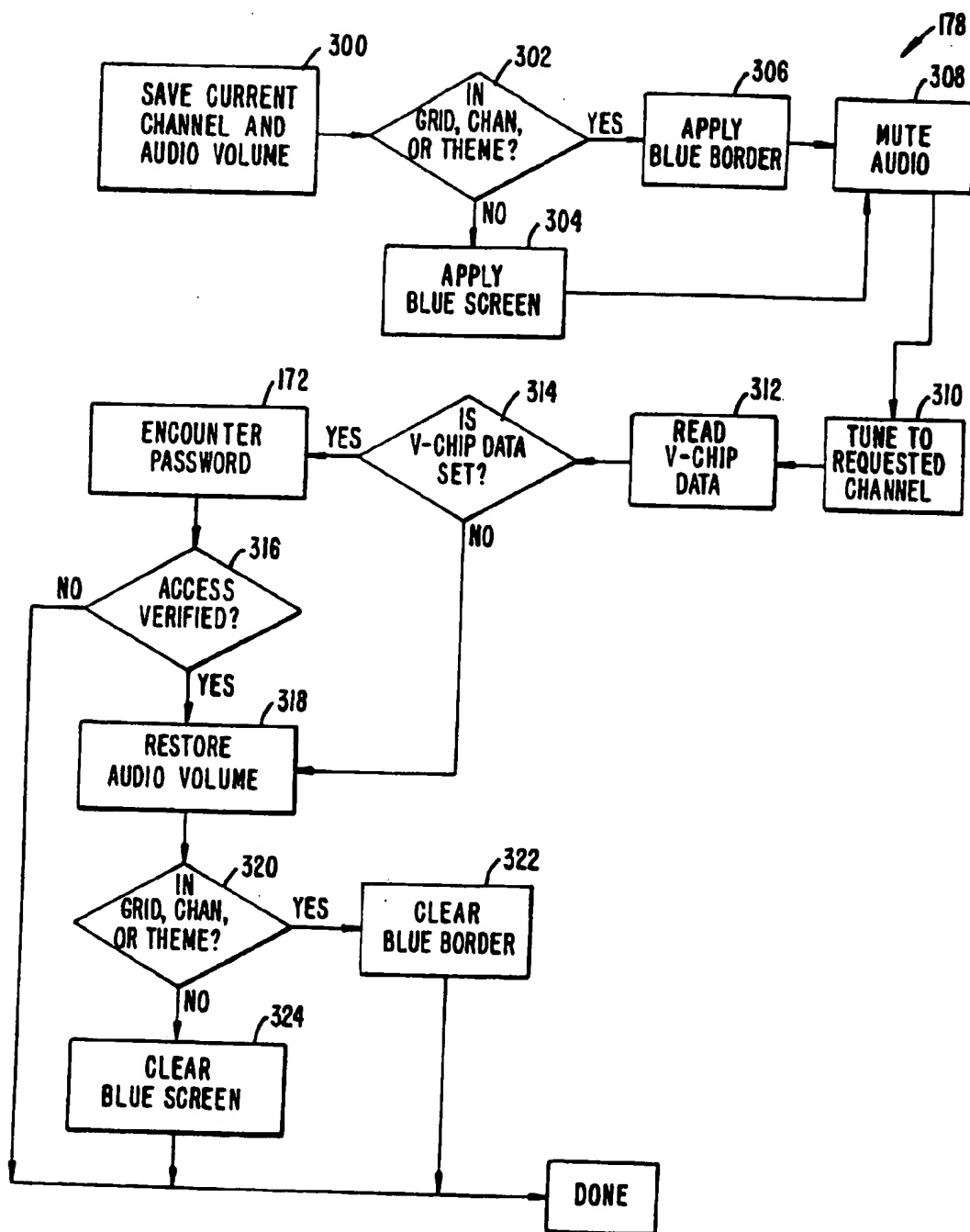


FIG. 7.

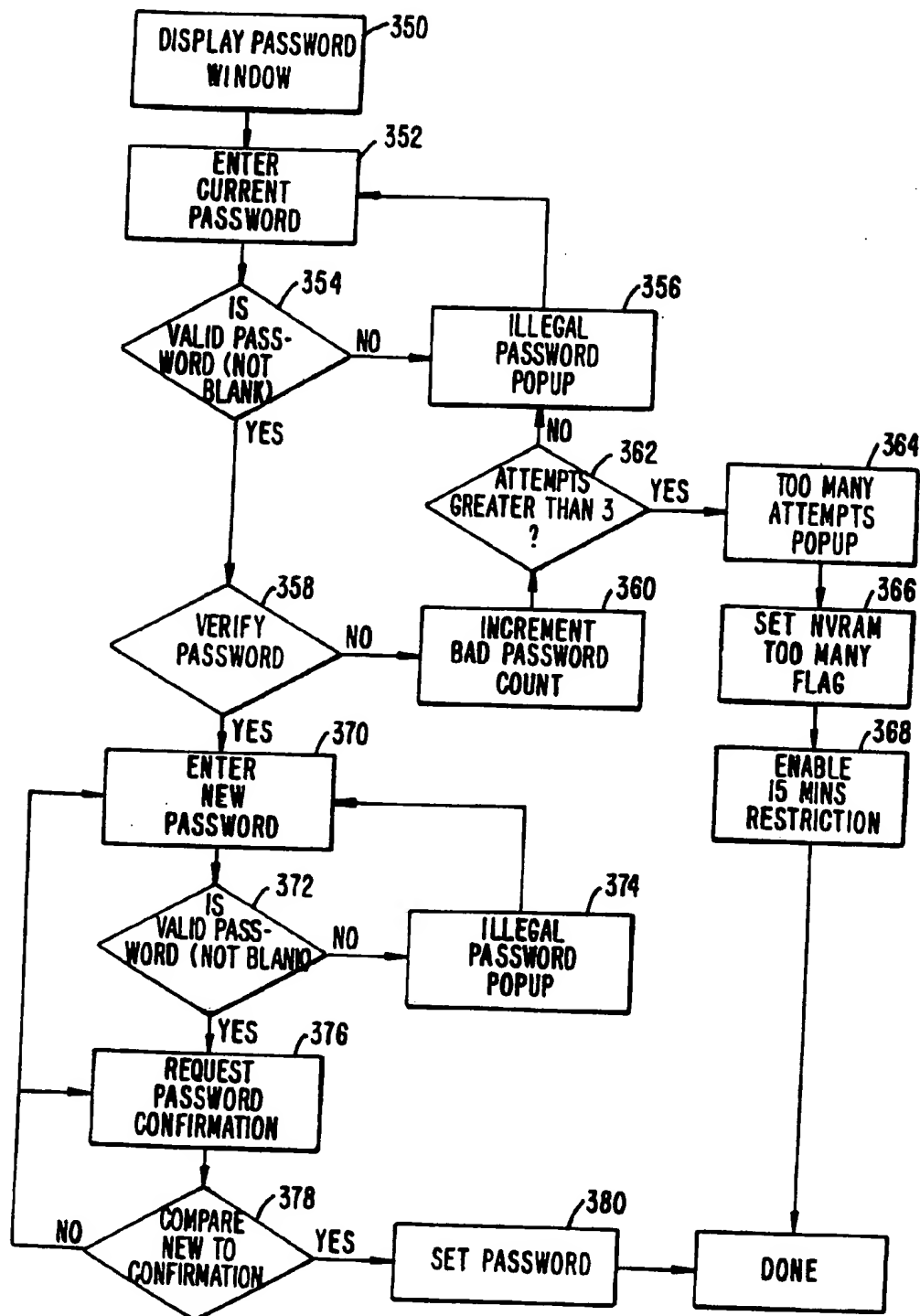
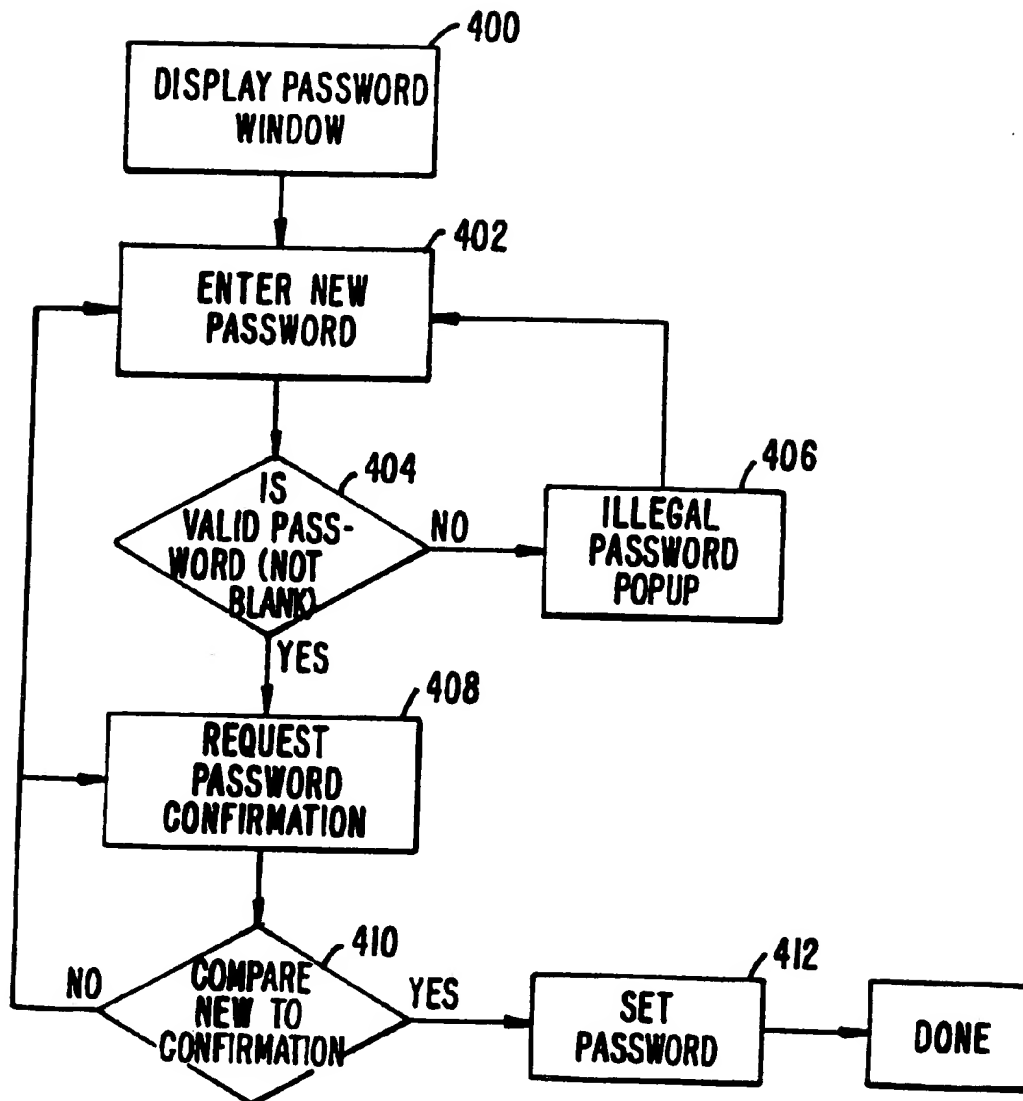


FIG. 8.

**FIG. 9.**

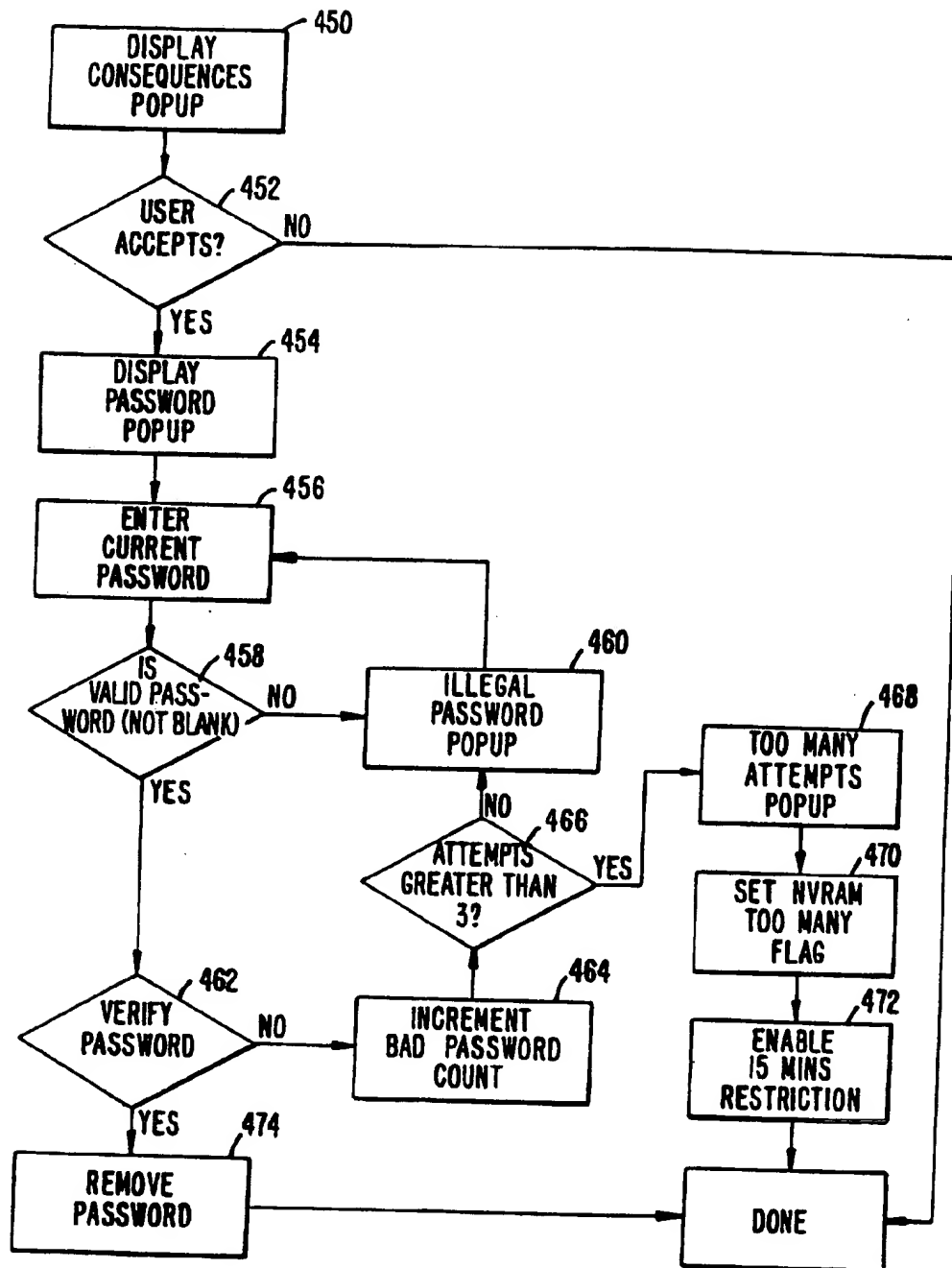


FIG. 10.

TELEVISION SCHEDULE SYSTEM WITH ACCESS CONTROL

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a system for providing television schedule information, and more particularly to a television schedule information guide with capability for controlling access to television programs.

Systems are available for providing television schedule information to a user. For example, U.S. Pat. No. B1 4,706,121 (Young), provides a television schedule system and process. In one embodiment of Young, the television schedule information is provided on the user's television screen. The user may supply selection criteria which are utilized by the Young system to make program selections, and the like. In addition, Young discloses a system which controls a television receiver to allow for automatic selection of programs and the automatic, unattended recording of programs that are listed in the television schedule information guide. The automatic, unattended recording of programs is achieved by controlling a videotape recorder (VCR) or other recording device.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is directed to a television schedule system with a user interface that allows a user to control access to television programs by time, rating, content, and/or channel. Furthermore, the user may set a limit on pay-per-view (PPV) spending to limit the purchase of PPV programs.

In a preferred embodiment, the television schedule system has a main menu. A user may select the "Parental Control" (parental control) menu from the main menu to enter the parental password. The parental password may be established from the main menu. After establishing and entering the parental password, the user may lock-out programs by channel, by rating, content, and/or by time from the parental control menu. The content description of the show may further have a corresponding "V-chip" classification based on V-chip rating data supplied by the FCC. Hence, the user may further lock out programs by V-chip classification. In order to tune to a locked program, the parental password is preferably supplied.

In one embodiment, the user may select a "control viewing" menu from the main menu to enter a purchase password. ~~The purchase password may also be established from the main menu. After establishing and entering the purchase password, the user may specify a PPV spending limit thereby limiting the purchase of PPV programs. The user may further specify the type of PPV programs allowed based on rating and content. In order to purchase beyond the spending limit, the purchase password is preferably supplied. In order to purchase restricted programs, both the parental and purchase passwords are preferably supplied.~~

If the user does not remember a password, the user may, for example, call the cable operator. The cable operator may set the password to null so the user may establish a new password.

Other features and advantages of the present invention will become apparent to those skilled in the art upon a perusal of the remaining portions of the specification and drawings. In the drawings, like reference numerals indicate identical or functionally similar elements.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 illustrates a preferred embodiment of a television system according to the present invention;

FIG. 2A shows a preferred embodiment of a pop-up menu shown to a user if a password has not been established, and the user selects parental control from the main menu of a television schedule guide;

FIG. 2B shows a preferred embodiment of a parental control menu shown to a user after a parental password has been established and entered;

FIG. 2C shows a preferred embodiment of a pop-up shown when the user selects a "lock by channel" feature;

FIG. 2D shows a preferred embodiment of a pop-up shown when the user selects a "lock by rating and content" feature;

FIG. 2E shows a preferred embodiment of a pop-up shown when the user selects a "lock by time" feature;

FIG. 2F shows a preferred embodiment of a pop-up shown to a user if a purchase password has not been established, and the user selects a "Set IPPV Spending limits" feature from the control viewing menu;

FIG. 2G shows a preferred embodiment of a pop-up shown to a user if a purchase password has been established, and the user selects the "Set IPPV Spending limits" feature from the control viewing menu;

FIG. 2H shows a preferred embodiment of a IPPV spending limit pop-up shown to a user after a proper purchase password has been established and entered;

FIG. 3 is a process flow chart for determining whether a user could tune to a program;

FIG. 4 is a process flow chart for the operation of the parental control feature;

FIG. 5 is a process flow chart for the operation of the purchase control feature;

FIG. 6 is a process flow chart for verifying a password and limiting a user's number of tries in entering the parental control or purchase password;

FIG. 7 is a process flow chart for determining whether a program has a restricted V-chip classification, and whether access should be allowed;

FIG. 8 is a process flow chart for changing the parental control or purchase password;

FIG. 9 is a process flow chart for establishing the parental control or purchase password; and

FIG. 10 is a process flow chart for removing the parental control or purchase password.

DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

The present invention provides a television (TV) schedule system with capability for controlling access to TV programs. FIG. 1 illustrates a preferred embodiment of TV system 1 in which the invention may be utilized. As shown, system 1 includes a distribution center 10 and multiple receiving locations.

Distribution center 10 compiles data for a data-stream. In a preferred embodiment, this data-stream is broadcast to receiving locations 16, 18, 20, and 22. Several methods are available for broadcasting the data-stream from distribution center 10 to receiving locations 16-22. For example, satellite 15 may broadcast this data-stream within the vertical blanking interval (VBI) of a television channel (e.g., PBS) or a dedicated channel to receiving locations 16, 18, 20, and 22. Alternatively, the data may be broadcast out of band, i.e., using non channel specific mechanisms. In another embodiment, the data-stream is provided to receiving locations 16, 18, 20, and 22 via transmission line 13. Transmis-

sion line 13 may be, for example, optical fiber, coax cable, telephone line, or the like. In yet another embodiment, peripheral devices, which are located within the receiving locations, receive the data-stream from, for example, a local service provider 40. Service provider 40 receives the data-stream from distribution center 10 via line 17, and broadcasts the data-stream to the receiving peripheral devices via satellite 15 (or another satellite), or via lines 19 and 13. The receiving peripheral devices may be televisions 30, televisions 34, VCRs 32, VCRs 36, and/or set-top boxes 38. In still further embodiments, PCTVs may be utilized, or the data-stream may be provided to a personal computer for use with the computer and/or more of the above devices.

In the preferred embodiment, information in the data-stream includes TV schedule information. Software located within the peripheral devices utilize the schedule information provided in the data-stream to generate a TV schedule guide. The software is stored on a computer-readable storage medium 42 such as a ROM, RAM, disk, or other storage device. If the TV schedule guide is in a grid format, for example, the available channels may be listed on the "y" axis and various times may be listed on the "x" axis. The user may tune to a program within the TV schedule guide by highlighting the program within the guide, and selecting the program. The user may also select one or more desired programs which are listed in the TV schedule guide for automatic, unattended recording. For more information on how the TV schedule system displays information, and its tuning and automatic recording capabilities, see U.S. Pat. No. Bi 4,706,121 and U.S. Pat. No. 5,151,789. Both these patents, like the present patent application, are assigned to StarSight Telecast, Inc., and are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety for all purposes.

The system further has the capability of preventing viewers from tuning to or viewing one or more TV programs. TV programs may be blocked by channel, rating, content, and/or time. If the user turns on the TV during a locked time, or tunes to a channel with a show that contains the locked rating or content/V-chip classification (for example), the television schedule system mutes the audio and displays a solid blue screen over the TV screen. A pop-up will appear asking for the parental password. The solid blue screen will disappear, and mute will be disabled when the correct password is entered.

FIG. 2A shows a preferred embodiment of pop-up 52 shown to a user if a password has not been established, and the user selects parental control from main menu 50. The various menus and pop-ups of the system may be shown as partial screens overlaying underlying full screens, or they may be shown as full screens. As shown, the user is asked to create a parental password by pressing a SELECT key. The SELECT key may also be the ENTER key, and may be on a user input device, or it may be located on the TV schedule guide and entered by directing a cursor to a screen button. If the SELECT key is on the TV schedule guide, a user may highlight it on the guide and input it by pressing an enter key, or any key that functions as an enter key on the user input device. Other keys that may be located on the user input device or the TV schedule guide include the CANCEL key, the REC key, and the EXIT key. Up, down, left and right arrow keys are preferably included to allow a user to navigate and make selections within the pop-up menus. However, any key combinations which allow a user to navigate within the pop-up menus may be used. The parental password may be established from main menu 50 by striking the SELECT key.

FIG. 2B shows a preferred embodiment of parental control menu 54 shown to a user when a parental password has

been established, from main menu 50, and the user has entered the correct password. The user may lock TV programs by channel, by rating and/or content, or by time. If the user desires, for example, to lock by time, the user may move the cursor to the "Lock by Time" location and inputs the SELECT key. Alternatively, if programs have been locked, the user may unlock all programs that have been locked.

FIG. 2C is a preferred embodiment of pop-up 56 shown when the user selects the "lock by channel feature." In the preferred embodiment, pop-up 56 includes a list of all channels available to the user. If the user has more channels than will fit in pop-up 56, indicators or scroll bars will be shown at corners of the pop-up instructing the user to move further right or further down to display more channels. The user may use the previously mentioned arrow keys to navigate within pop-up 56. A channel is locked after a user highlights and selects the channel. A lock symbol will be placed next to the channel icon to indicate that the channel is locked. To unlock a channel, the user may highlight and select the locked channel. The lock symbol next to the channel icon will then disappear to indicate the lock is removed. The user may use the EXIT key to return to pop-up 54 of the parental control menu.

Since the system stores program information, it is able to determine whether a current or future program is shown on a restricted channel. The system may also determine whether a program falls within a restricted rating and/or content, V-chip classification, or time period. Hence, if a lock is placed on a channel on which there are programs scheduled for recording, a pop-up will appear warning the user of the conflict. If the user ignores the pop-up, it will time out in three seconds, the channel will be locked, and the recording will occur without the need for a password as it was set before the lock was enabled. Once a channel is locked, a user may not tune to, record, or purchase any program on that channel unless the user enters the correct password. However, upon entering the correct password, the user may schedule recording of future programs. At the time of the scheduled recording, the system unlocks the locked channel, tunes to the channel, and records the program. When the program is over, the system relocks the channel.

FIG. 2D is a preferred embodiment of pop-up 60 shown when the user elects to lock programs by rating and/or content. As can be seen, two lists are shown to the user, one by rating, and one by content. The user may lock by content and/or rating by highlighting the relevant content and/or rating on the pop-up and inputting the SELECT key. Programs may be locked using more than one category of rating and/or content. Furthermore, the content description on pop-up 60 may include information corresponding to data supplied by the V-chip. The V-chip data may be enclosed within parenthesis and will indicate the V-chip attribute classification of the program. For example, the content category "Violence" may have corresponding V-chip attribute mildly violent (V2), moderately violent (V3), and the like. When the user locks shows according to rating, all higher ratings are automatically locked. Since the show contents are not listed in order of severity, locking one content does not automatically lock any others.

The user may also lock specified time periods to prevent TV viewing during those times. The user may further specify the frequency of the lock, e.g., for a single day, for Monday through Friday only, weekends only, or for every day of the week. FIG. 2E shows pop-up 62, which requests user input for the time period during which TV viewing should be prevented. As shown, the user may specify the time to begin

locking (the default time is 2:30 pm), the time to end locking (the default time is 5 pm), and the frequency of the lock (the default frequency is for a single day). In the situation where the user has set these values before, the system remembers the values and displays them when pop-up 62 is shown.

If TV viewing is attempted during a locked period, the system will mute the audio, and display a blue screen over video. A pop-up will appear asking for the parental password. When the correct password is entered, the solid blue screen will disappear, and audio will be re-enabled. If a lock is placed on a time period during which there are programs scheduled for recording, a pop-up will appear warning the user of the conflict. If the user ignores the pop-up, it will time out in three seconds, the channel will be locked, and the recording will occur without the requirement of a password as it was set before the lock was enabled. However, all future recordings scheduled during the locked period will require a password.

FIG. 2F shows a preferred embodiment of pop-up 64 shown to a user if a purchase password has not been established, and the user selects the "Set IPPV Spending limits" feature from control viewing menu 66. IPPV stands for impulse pay-per-view, and refers to PPV programs which are purchased via a user input device, for example, a remote control. It is different from traditional PPV programs which require the user to call the program provider on a phone to purchase the program. The user may establish the purchase password, from main menu 50, by inputting the SELECT key either by pressing the key on the user input device, or selecting it on the TV schedule guide. FIG. 2G shows a preferred embodiment of pop-up 68 shown to a user if a purchase password has been established, and the user selects the "Set IPPV Spending limits" feature from control viewing menu 66. In this case, the user would simply enter the purchase password and input the SELECT key. As shown in FIG. 2G, if the user made a mistake, the user may input the CANCEL key and re-enter the password.

Once the purchase password has been established and entered, the user will see IPPV spending limit pop-up 70 (as shown in FIG. 2H), and the user may enter the total dollar amount to which IPPV spending should be limited before the system requires a password to enable purchasing. The default spending amount is zero, in which case, the user needs to enter the purchase password for all purchases. Where a dollar amount greater than zero is set, this is the amount the user may spend before the purchase password is required to make additional purchases. To set the amount, the user may input the right arrow key, and with each input of the right arrow key, a dollar would be added to the limit. To decrease the amount, the user may use the left arrow key. The user may use the arrow keys to reset the dollar amount whenever desired.

To access a locked program, the user may select the "Unlock All Locks" feature from parental control menu 54, and all locked programs will be unlocked. Alternatively, the user may unlock all locks from the television schedule information guide by inputting the SELECT key for about 1 second while within the guide. A pop-up will appear, and the user may choose the "Unlock All" option. The system will ask the user for the parental password, and upon entering the correct password, the user may tune to all programs on all the available channels. While the programs are unlocked, the "Unlock All Locks" feature toggles and becomes the "Relock All Locks" feature and the gray lock symbols in the guides become red unlocked lock symbols. The user may relock all the previously locked programs by selecting "Relock All Locks" from parental control menu 54. Turning off the TV will also automatically restore all parental locks.

Alternatively, the user may unlock individual programs by tuning directly to the programs from either the TV or the TV schedule guide, and entering the correct password. If the user tunes to a locked channel, the system displays a blue screen over the TV screen, and mutes the audio. A pop-up will appear requesting the parental password. If the correct password is supplied, the system removes the blue screen and restores the audio. However, in this case, when the user tunes off a previously locked channel, the parental lock will be automatically restored. Hence, if the user tunes off the locked channel, and then tunes back, the user must re-enter the password to view the locked channel.

To access individual locked programs from the guide, the user may select whichever locked program the user wishes to view by highlighting it on the guide, and inputting the SELECT key. A password pop-up will appear. If the user enters the correct password, the system tunes to the channel with the desired program. The user may also input the SELECT key for more than 1 second, and a pop-up will appear asking the user whether to tune to or record the locked program. When the user has made a selection, the password pop-up will appear and the user may enter the password. After the correct password has been entered, the system will either tune to or record the locked program. Instead of inputting the SELECT key and selecting the record option on the pop-up, the user may also highlight a locked program and input the REC key to request recording of the program. Recording will proceed when the user has supplied the correct password.

FIG. 3 illustrates a process flow chart for determining whether a user could tune to a program. In preferred embodiments, the various processes described herein operate under software control, such software being stored on a computer readable storage medium. In a preferred embodiment, the system has checked whether a parental password is necessary at step 100. At step 102 the system determines whether the user has supplied the correct parental password. If the correct parental password has been entered, the process will check whether the program is a free event at step 104. A free event is a non pay-per-view event. If the event is free, the system will tune to the program at step 110. If the event is not free, the system will request that the user enter the purchase password at step 106. At step 108, the password entered is verified. If the password is correct, the system will tune to the program at step 110. For both verifying steps 102 and 108, if incorrect passwords are supplied, the system will not tune to the program requested.

FIG. 4 illustrates a process flow chart for the operation of the parental control feature. When a user turns on the TV, or tunes to a program or channel, the system checks at step 150 whether a parental password is needed before the program(s) will be shown. If a parental password exists, a step 152 of the system checks whether a BOX lock has been set. A BOX lock is essentially a special TIME lock as it keeps the TV locked for 24 hours a day, everyday. If a BOX lock exists, a step 154 displays a pop-up informing the viewer that a password is necessary before the viewer may watch TV, and a step 172 requests that the user enters the parental password. When the user supplies the correct password, the user may tune to the program, schedule an auto-tune, or schedule a recording of the program at step 168.

If a BOX lock has not been set, the system checks for channel locks at step 156. If none exists, a step 158 checks for a TIME lock. If a TIME lock exists, a step 170 checks whether the current time is within the range of the restricted times. The user is asked to supply the parental password at step 172 if the user is trying to watch TV at a restricted time.

Similarly, if a channel lock exists, and the user is trying to tune to a locked channel, the user would be asked to supply the password at step 172. If the user is watching TV at an unrestricted time, the user may proceed to step 168 and may tune to the program, record the program and the like.

If no TIME lock has been set, a step 160 checks for a rating/MPAA lock, as the ratings correspond to those set by Motion Pictures of America Association. If a rating lock has been set, a step 164 determines whether the program has a restricted rating. If so, the user is asked to supply the parental password at step 172. On the other hand, if there is no rating lock, a step 162 checks for a content/ATTRIBUTE lock. The system checks at step 166 whether the program contains restricted content, and if so, the user is asked to supply the parental password at step 172. A step 176 further checks whether the program has a V-chip classification if the program does not contain restricted content. If so, a step 178 (details shown in FIG. 7) determines whether the user is trying to gain access to a program with restricted V-chip classifications.

FIG. 5, which describes step 106 in greater detail, illustrates a process flow chart for the operation of the purchase control feature. When a user tunes to a program, a step 200 checks whether a purchase password has been established. If so, a step 204 checks whether the limit has been exceeded. Step 172 requests for the purchase password if the limit has been exceeded; if not, the system proceeds with the buying process at step 208. If step 200 determines that a purchase password has not been established, the system will also proceed with the buying process at step 208.

FIG. 6, which describes step 172 in greater detail, illustrates a process flow chart for verifying a password and limiting a user's number of tries in entering the purchase or parental password. At step 250, the user is asked to supply the applicable password. A step 252 receives the user's input, and a step 254 checks whether the password is in a proper format. If the password is improper, for e.g., it has too many characters, a step 256 displays a message informing the user the password is illegal. Step 252 is repeated, and the user may re-enter a proper password. As shown, the user may re-enter the password an infinite number of times if the password is rejected as being improper.

Once the user has entered a proper password, a step 258 verifies that the password entered is correct. If so, a step 260 allows the user access to the locked program. However, when the password entered is incorrect, a step 262 tracks the number of times the user attempts to enter an incorrect password. A step 264 compares the count at 262 with the number 3. If the count at 262 is less than 3, a step 256 displays the illegal password pop-up and the user may re-enter the password at step 252. If the user has attempted to enter a correct password more than three times, a step 266 shows a pop-up informing the user there has been too many attempts to enter the password, and the user has to wait fifteen minutes before attempting to enter the password again. Steps 268 and 270 set the Flag, and start the fifteen minute restriction before allowing the user to re-enter a password.

In a preferred embodiment, disconnecting the system from the power supply will not circumvent the fifteen minute restriction; instead, the user will have to wait longer to re-enter the password as the system resets the fifteen minute period when it is re-connected to the power supply. The system restricts the user to three attempts at entering the correct password to ensure the security of the password. Since an unauthorized user will preferably have to wait at

least 15 minutes after every three tries, the unauthorized user is not as likely to crack the password.

FIG. 7, which describes step 178 in greater detail, illustrates a process flow chart for determining whether a program has restricted V-chip classification, and whether the user should be allowed access. Since V-chip data comes from the video stream of a channel, one way to determine whether a program has restricted V-chip classification is to first tune to the channel to access the data. For example, the user may be watching channel 9, and desires to tune to channel 3. Referring to FIG. 7, if the system determines that the program on channel 3 has V-chip classification, a step 300 saves the video and audio volume information of channel 9. The system determines at step 302 whether the user is changing channels from the TV screen or from within guide. If the user is changing channels from the TV screen, a step 304 puts a blue screen over the TV screen.

Alternatively, where the user is changing channels from within the guide, a step 306 applies a blue border around the guide to block out parts of the screen that are not covered by the guide. At step 308, the system mutes the audio so the user may not hear the program. A step 310 tunes to the requested channel, which is channel 3 in this example, and a step 312 reads the V-chip data from the video stream of the channel. A step 314 determines whether the V-chip classification is a restricted classification. If not, the user may tune to the program on channel 3. However if the program has a restricted V-chip classification, the user is asked to supply the parental password at step 172. A step 316 checks that the user has supplied the correct parental password, if so, a step 318 restores the audio volume of the channel (in this case, channel 3). Depending on whether the user was changing channels while within the TV screen or the guide, either step 324 will remove the blue screen put on by step 304, or a step 322 will clear the guide and the blue border applied by step 306. If access was not verified at step 316, audio remains muted, and the blue screen or the blue border and the guide remains on the screen. The user may, however, attempt to access other channels/programs, which will be shown if they are unrestricted.

In another embodiment, the system need not first tune to the channel to access V-chip data. Since V-chip rating data may be included in the data stream, and received in a similar manner as data regarding program title, description, and the like, the system may receive the V-chip rating data in advance, and store the data in a database. In this embodiment, the system may apply parental control without having to first tune to the channel to access V-chip data, as the system may simply retrieve the data from the database. Referring to the FIG. 7 example, the system may determine, while the user is still within channel 9, whether the program on channel 3 has V-chip classification by retrieving V-chip data information regarding the channel 3 program from the database. After retrieving this information, if the program has V-chip classification, the system may determine whether the V-chip classification is a restricted classification. If so, the parental password is requested, if not, the system tunes to the channel 3 program. Hence, this embodiment eliminates the need for the system to mute the audio and put up a blue screen or a blue border around the guide, as the system need not first tune to the channel.

FIG. 8 illustrates a process flow chart for changing the parental control or purchase password. A step 350 requests for the password, and a step 352 receives the user password input. A step 354 checks whether the password is in proper form, if not, a step 356 displays an illegal password pop-up, and the user has an unlimited number of times to re-enter a

proper password at step 352. When the password entered is in proper form, a step 358 verifies that the password is in fact the correct password. A step 360 keeps count of the number of times an incorrect password is entered. As shown by steps 360 and 362, the user is given three attempts to enter a correct password. If after three attempts, the password entered is still incorrect, a step 364 displays a "Too Many Attempts" pop-up. The user has to wait fifteen minutes before the system will allow any further password input attempts, as steps 366 and 368 set the flag and start the fifteen minute restriction. As mentioned, the user preferably may not circumvent the fifteen minute wait by disconnecting the system from the power supply.

The user is allowed to change the old password and enter a new password at step 370 if the user supplied the correct password at step 352. A step 372 ensures that the new password is in proper form, if not, a step 374 displays an illegal password pop-up, and the user has an unlimited number of times to re-enter a proper new password at step 370. If the new password entered is in proper form, the user is requested to re-enter the new password at step 376 to confirm the new password entered is indeed the password desired. At step 378, the system compares the password entered at step 370 with the password entered at step 376. If the two passwords are different, the user is asked to re-enter the new password again at step 376 to confirm the new password entered is the password desired, and step 378 again compares the passwords entered.

Steps 376 and 378 are repeated until the password entered at step 376 matches the password entered at step 370. Or, the user may exit the process, in which case, the password is unchanged. Alternatively, after step 378 made its comparison, if password 370 is different from password 376, steps 370-378 are repeated. This means that the user may re-enter the new password at step 370 to ensure that the entry at step 370 is correct, and reconfirm the password at step 376. Step 378 will compare the two passwords, if they are the same, a step 380 changes the old password to the new password.

FIG. 9 illustrates a process flow chart for establishing the parental control or purchase password. A step 400 requests for the password, and a step 402 receives the user password input. At step 404, the system checks whether the password is in proper form, if not, a step 406 displays an illegal password pop-up, and the user has an unlimited number of times to re-enter a proper password at step 402. If the password entered is in proper form, the user is requested to re-enter the password at step 408 to confirm the password entered is indeed the password desired. A step 410 compares the password entered at step 402 with the password entered at step 408. If the two passwords are different, the user is asked to re-enter the password again at step 408 to confirm the password entered is the password desired, and step 410 again compares the passwords entered.

Steps 408 and 410 are repeated until the password entered at step 408 matches the password entered at step 402. Or, the user may exit the process, in which case, a password is not created. Alternatively, after step 410 made its comparison, if password 402 is different from password 408, steps 402-410 are repeated. This means that the user may re-enter the password at step 402 to ensure that the entry at step 402 is correct, and re-confirm the password at step 408. A step 410 will compare the two passwords. If they are the same, a step 412 establishes the password as the current password.

FIG. 10 illustrates a process flow chart for removing the parental control or purchase password. At step 450, the

system displays a pop-up explaining to the user that all programs may be viewed free of restrictions if the user removes the password and asks whether the user wishes to proceed. If the user decides to proceed at step 452, a step 454 requests that the user enters the password. If not, the user exits the process. A step 456 receives the user input if the user decides to proceed, and a step 458 checks whether the password is in proper form. If not, a step 460 displays an illegal password pop-up, and the user has an unlimited number of times to re-enter a proper password at step 456. If the password entered is in proper form, a step 462 verifies that the password is in fact the correct password. A step 464 keeps count of the number of times an incorrect password is entered.

As shown by steps 466, 460 and 456, the user is given three attempts to enter a correct password. After three attempts, if the password entered is still incorrect, step 468 displays a "Too Many Attempts" pop-up. The user has to wait fifteen minutes before the system will allow any further password input attempts, as steps 470 and 472 set the flag and start the fifteen minute restriction. As mentioned, the user preferably may not circumvent the fifteen minute wait by disconnecting the system from the power supply. The user is allowed to remove the password at step 474 if the user supplied the correct password at step 462.

The above description is illustrative and not restrictive. Variations of the invention will become apparent to those skilled in the art upon review of this disclosure. The scope of the invention should, therefore, be determined not with reference to the above description, but instead should be determined with reference to the appended claims along with their full scope of equivalents.

What is claimed is:

1. A method of exercising access control over television programs comprising the steps of:

- entering a criterion for blocking the television programs from being viewed;
- displaying a plurality of television program listings in a guide format on a screen;
- selecting one of the displayed listings for viewing or recording;
- prompting a viewer to enter a password if the selected program meets the blocking criterion;
- unblocking the selected program that meets the blocking criterion so it can be viewed or recorded if the viewer enters the password responsive to the prompt;
- re-blocking the selected program if a different program is tuned to; and
- restoring the blocking criterion after the program is over or the program is no longer tuned to.

2. The method of claim 1, in which the step of entering a criterion comprises:

- displaying on the screen a list of criteria if the viewer enters the password responsive to the prompt; and
- selecting the criterion to enter from the list of criteria.

3. The method of claim 1, in which the step of entering a criterion comprises:

- displaying on the screen a prompt to the viewer to enter a password;
- displaying on the screen a list of criteria if the viewer enters the password responsive to the prompt;
- selecting the criterion to enter from the list of criteria;
- removing the list of criteria from the screen after the criterion has been entered; and

11

preventing selection of another criterion until the password is reentered.

4. The method of claim 1, in which the step of entering a criterion enters a program rating.

5. The method of claim 1, in which the step of entering a criterion enters a channel identification. 5

6. The method of claim 5, further comprising the step of displaying a lock symbol next to the channel identification in the program listings.

7. The method of claim 1, in which the step of entering a criterion enters a time period. 10

8. The method of claim 1, in which the step of entering a criterion enters a spending limit for pay-per-view programs.

9. The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of tuning to the selected program for viewing or recording without prompting the viewer to enter the password if the selected program does not meet the blocking criterion. 15

10. The method of claim 1, in which the unblocking step comprises the step of unblocking all of the blocked programs. 20

11. The method of claim 1, in which the step of entering the password comprises verifying the password and preventing the viewer from entering the password for a predetermined period of time if the password was entered incorrectly for a predetermined number of attempts.

12. The method of claim 1, in which the password can be changed by the viewer. 25

13. An apparatus for exercising access control over a television program comprising:

a display screen, 30

means for entering a criterion for blocking television programs from being viewed;

means for displaying a plurality of television program listings in a guide format on the screen; 35

means for selecting one of the displayed listings for viewing or recording;

12

means for prompting a viewer on the screen to enter the password if the selected program meets the blocking criterion;

means for unblocking the selected program that meets the blocking criterion so it can be viewed or recorded if the viewer enters the password responsive to the prompt;

means for re-blocking the selected program if a different program is tuned to; and

means for restoring the blocking after the program is over or the program is no longer tuned to.

14. The apparatus of claim 13, in which the means for entering a criterion comprises:

means for displaying on the screen a list of criteria if the viewer enters the password responsive to the prompt;

means for selecting the criterion to enter from the list of criteria; and

means for restoring the blocking criterion after the program is over or the program is no longer tuned to.

15. The apparatus of claim 13, in which the means for entering a criterion comprises:

means for displaying on the screen a prompt to the viewer to enter a password;

means for receiving and recognizing the password;

means for displaying on the screen a list of criteria if the viewer enters the password responsive to the prompt;

means for selecting the criterion to enter from the list of criteria;

means for removing the list of criteria from the screen after the criterion has been entered; and

means for preventing selection of another criterion until the password is reentered.

* * * * *

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

PATENT NO. : 5,969,748

DATED : October 19, 1999

INVENTOR(S) : Marcy Casement; Andrew Burgess; David Folker

It is certified that error appears in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent is hereby corrected as shown below:

On the title page, Item [56] References Cited, Other Publications,
replace "Richard G. Merrll . . ." with -- Richard G. Merrell

Column 12, line 1, replace "enter the" with -- enter a --.

Column 12, line 1, after "blocking" insert -- criterion --.

Signed and Sealed this
Fifteenth Day of May, 2001

Attest:



NICHOLAS P. GODICI

Attesting Officer

Acting Director of the United States Patent and Trademark Office